



# Foreign Trade and International Commodity Prices

## OCTOBER 2025 UPDATE

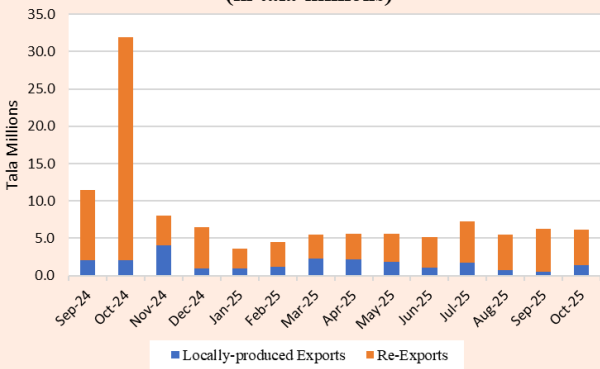
Note: The full written report has been discontinued and replaced by this infographic format..



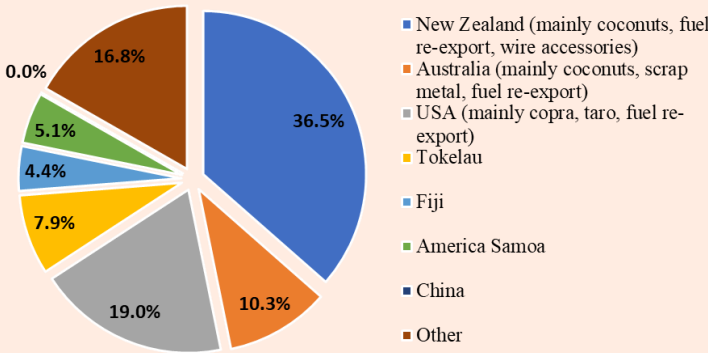
### EXPORTS \$6.1M

- A \$0.2 million drop (2.7%) from \$6.3 million last month, mainly due to:
  - 17.9% decline in re-exports (by \$1.0 million);
  - despite a \$0.8 million rise in domestically-produced exports, mainly coconut oil, beer, copra to name a few.
- \$25.8 million (80.8%) reduction from October 2024, which included a significant one-off re-export shipment in cable wires.

Graph 1. Samoa Exports  
(in tala millions)



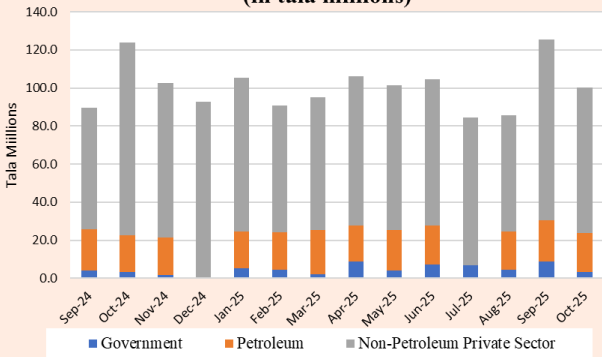
Graph 2: Exports by Country (%)



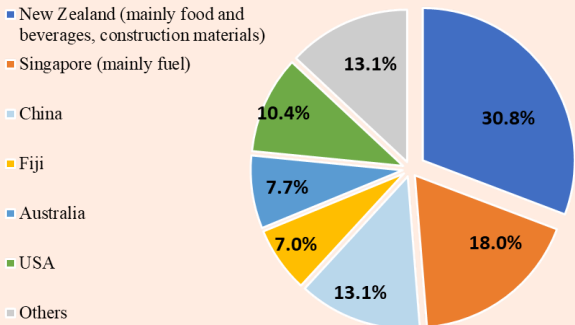
### IMPORTS \$100.3M

- A decline of \$25.2 million (20.1%) from \$125.6 million in the previous month, driven by:
  - \$18.3 million drop in non-petroleum private sector imports (mainly motor vehicles, tin fish and construction materials such as timber, wires, and cement)
  - \$5.5 million decline in government imports.
  - \$1.4 million decrease in petroleum imports.
- Also \$23.5 million (19.0%) lower than October 2024.

Graph 3. Samoa Imports  
(in tala millions)



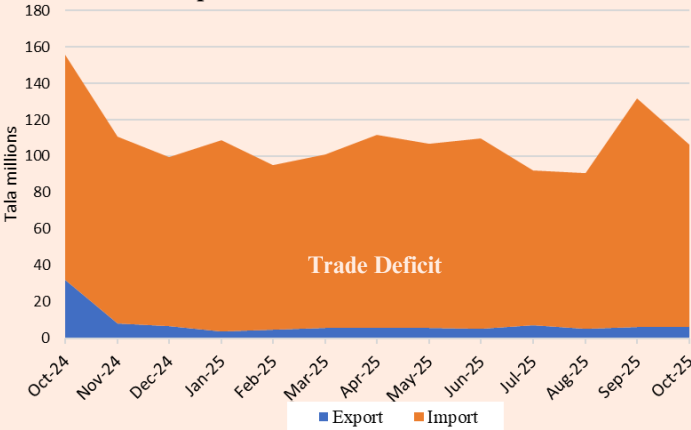
Graph 4: Imports by Country (%)



### GOODS TRADE DEFICIT<sup>[1]</sup> \$94.2M

- \$25.1 million (21.0%) lower than \$119.3 million in the previous month.
- A 2.7% rise compared to the same month of 2024.

Graph 3. Merchandise Trade Balance



### GLOBAL COMMODITY PRICES

- Cocoa prices declined by 15.3%
  - Weak demand and improved supply from West Africa's new harvest.<sup>[3]</sup>
- Coconut Oil prices also fell by 5.3%
  - Due to subdued trading activity, weak raw-material markets.<sup>[4]</sup>
- Rice prices down by 4.8%
- Chicken prices down by 1.4%
- Banana prices down by 1.3%
- Sugar prices down by 0.8%
- Beef prices up by 2.8%

### CRUDE OIL PRICES USD\$64.65/barrel

- 0.4% drop from USD\$68.20 per barrel last month, reflecting:
  - Rising global supply, particularly from OPEC+ and non-OPEC producers including US.
  - Slower economic activity in China and Europe, along with trade tensions, reduced global consumption expectations.
  - Reduced geopolitical risk following a Middle East Ceasefire.<sup>[5]</sup>

[1] Trade balance is the difference between exports of goods less imports of goods.

[2] Figures sourced from World Bank Pink Sheet.

[3] International Cocoa Organization – Cocoa Market Report, Oct 2025

[4] TM Duché & Sons Ltd – Coconut Market Update, Oct 2025.

[5] U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA). Press Release - August, 2025.

